

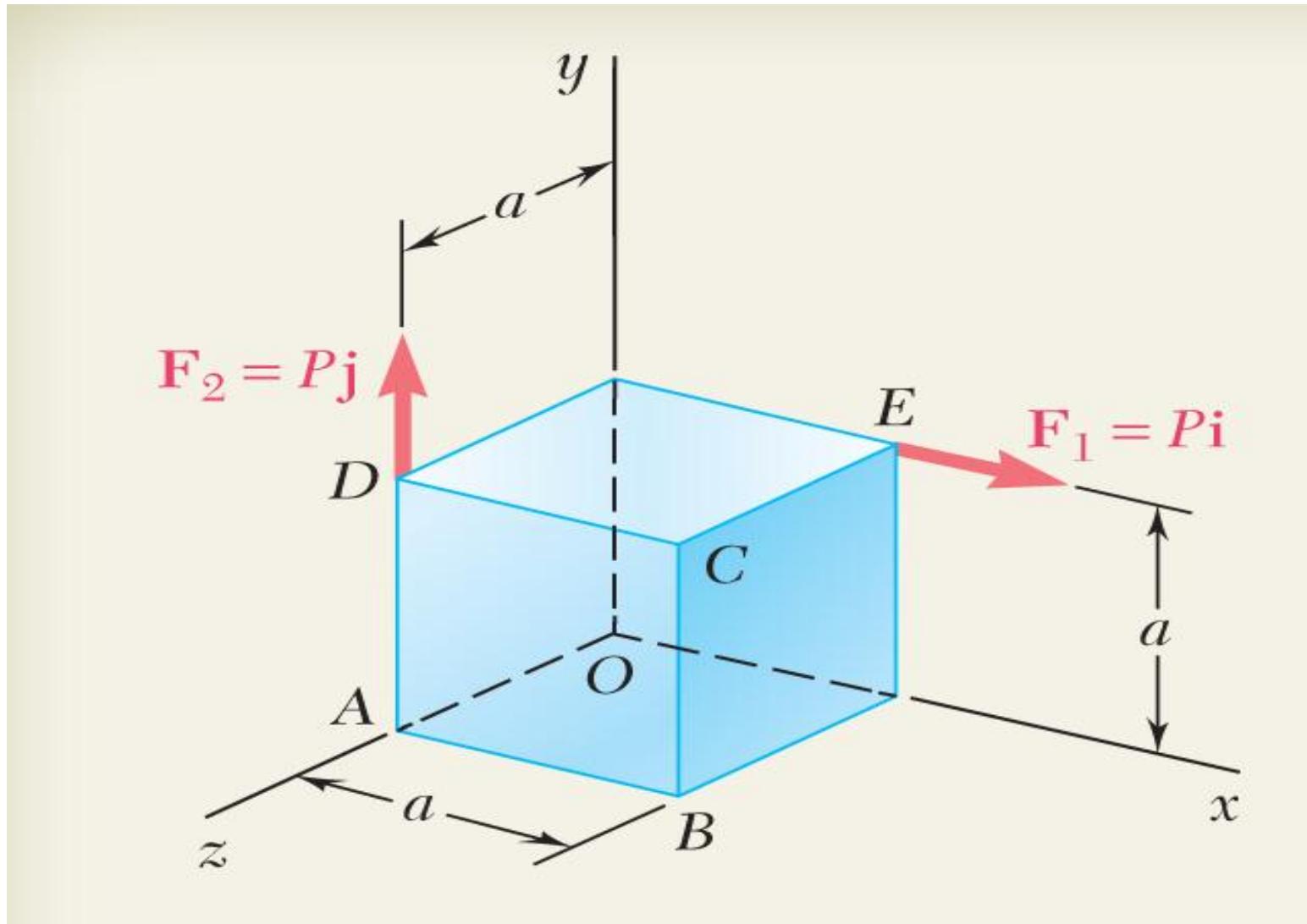


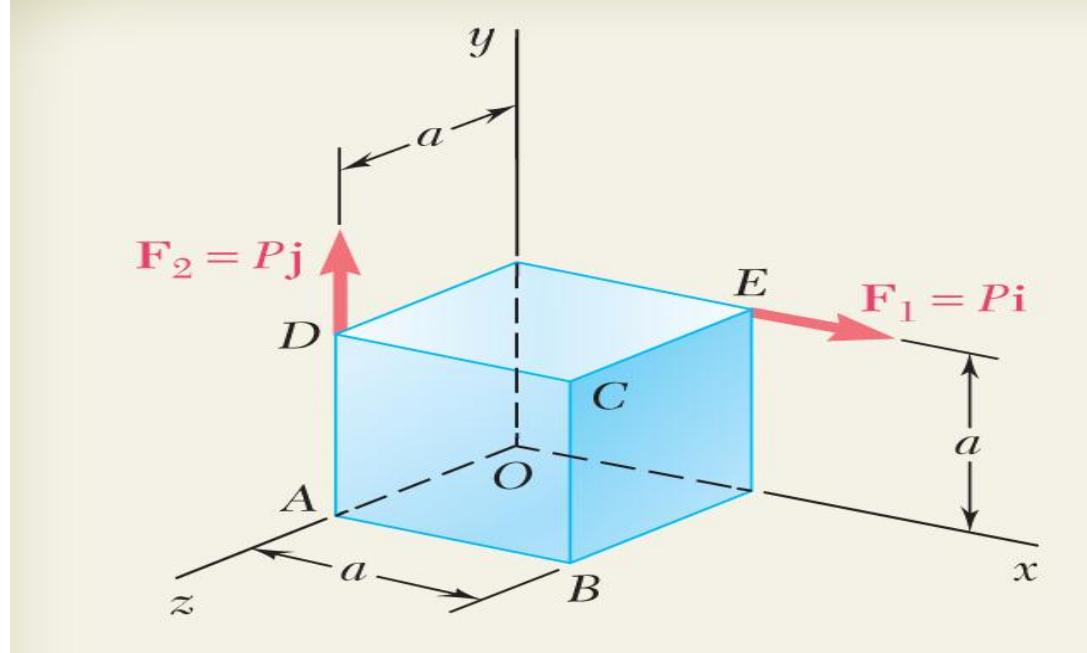
4

Force System Resultants

د محمود عبد المولى

Replace the two forces by a force and couple at point o



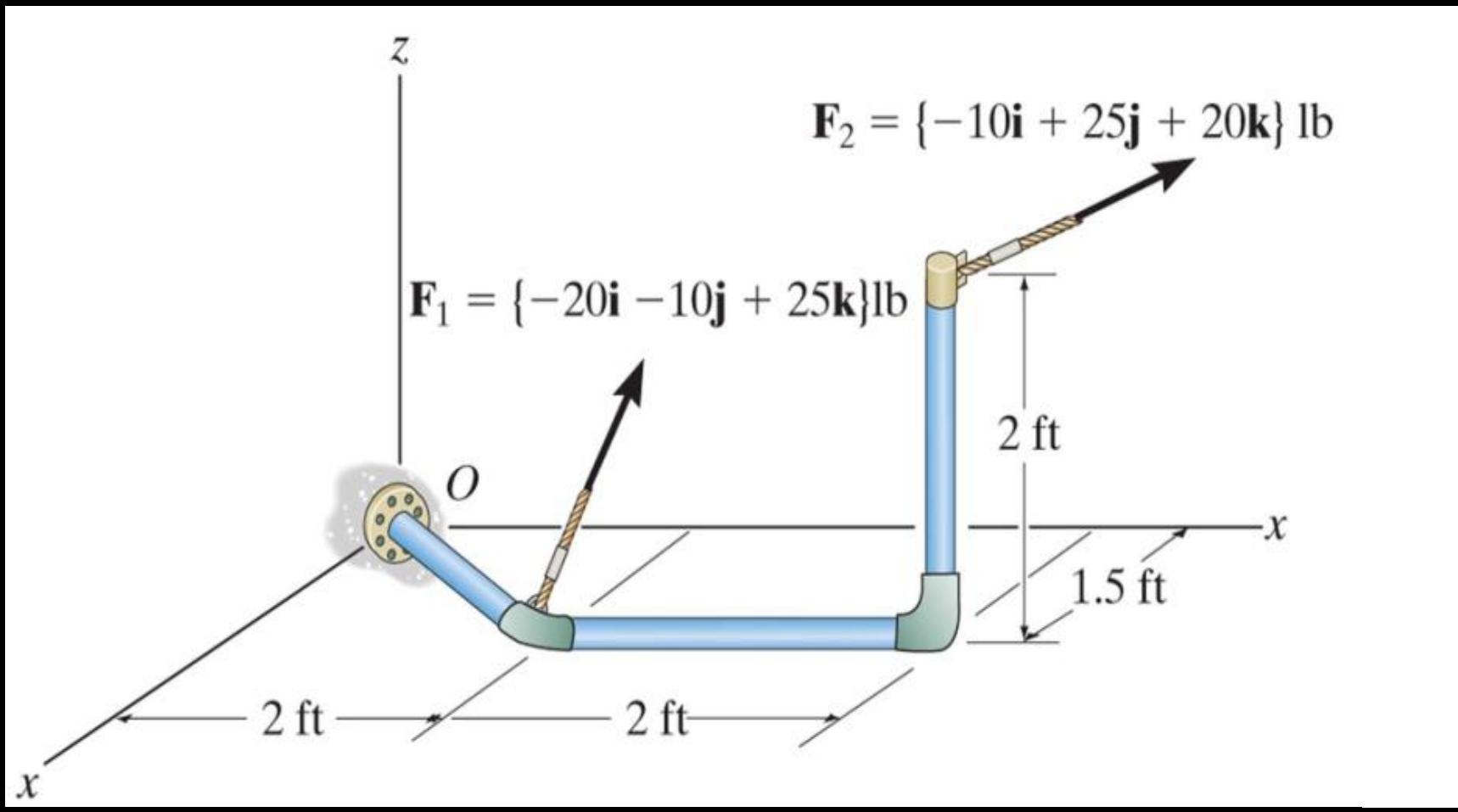


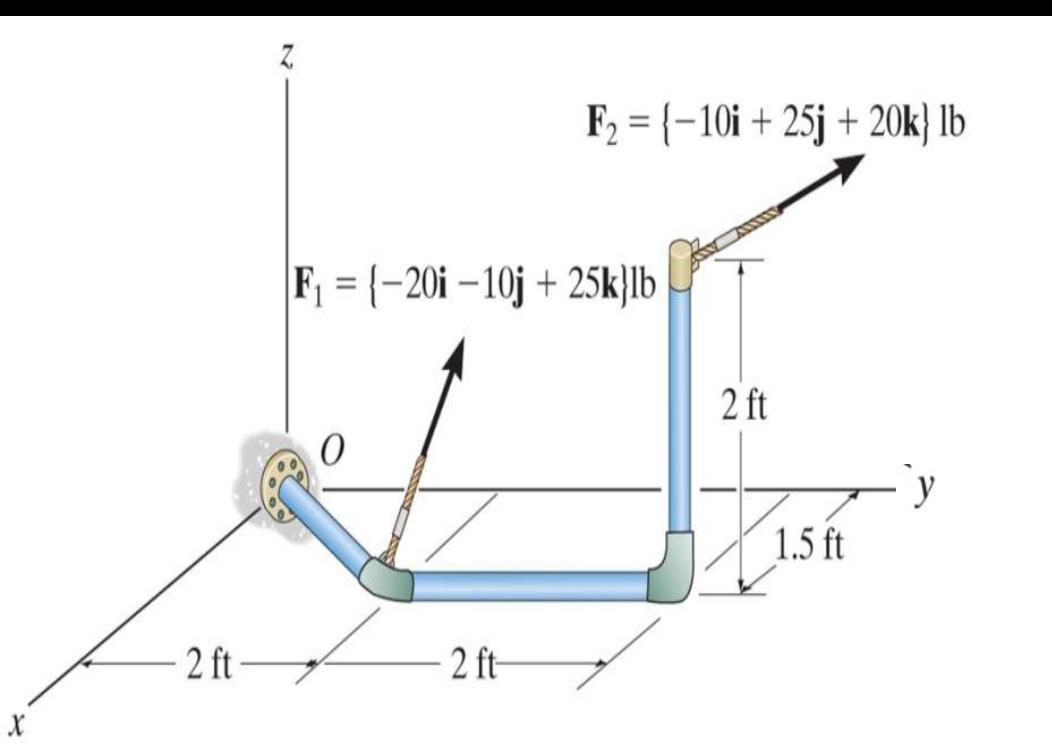
$$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{F}_1 + \mathbf{F}_2 = P\mathbf{i} + P\mathbf{j} = P(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{M}_O^R &= \mathbf{r}_E \times \mathbf{F}_1 + \mathbf{r}_D \times \mathbf{F}_2 = (a\mathbf{i} + a\mathbf{j}) \times P\mathbf{i} + (a\mathbf{j} + a\mathbf{k}) \times P\mathbf{j} \\
 &= -Pak - Pai = -Pa(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k})
 \end{aligned}$$

Given: Forces \mathbf{F}_1 and \mathbf{F}_2 are applied to the pipe.

Find: An equivalent resultant force and couple moment at point O.





$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{F}_1 &= \{-20 \mathbf{i} - 10 \mathbf{j} + 25 \mathbf{k}\} \text{ lb} \\ \mathbf{F}_2 &= \{-10 \mathbf{i} + 25 \mathbf{j} + 20 \mathbf{k}\} \text{ lb} \\ \mathbf{F}_{RO} &= \{-30 \mathbf{i} + 15 \mathbf{j} + 45 \mathbf{k}\} \text{ lb} \\ \mathbf{r}_1 &= \{1.5 \mathbf{i} + 2 \mathbf{j}\} \text{ ft} \\ \mathbf{r}_2 &= \{1.5 \mathbf{i} + 4 \mathbf{j} + 2 \mathbf{k}\} \text{ ft}\end{aligned}$$

Then, $\mathbf{M}_{RO} = \sum (\mathbf{r}_i \times \mathbf{F}_i) = \mathbf{r}_1 \times \mathbf{F}_1 + \mathbf{r}_2 \times \mathbf{F}_2$

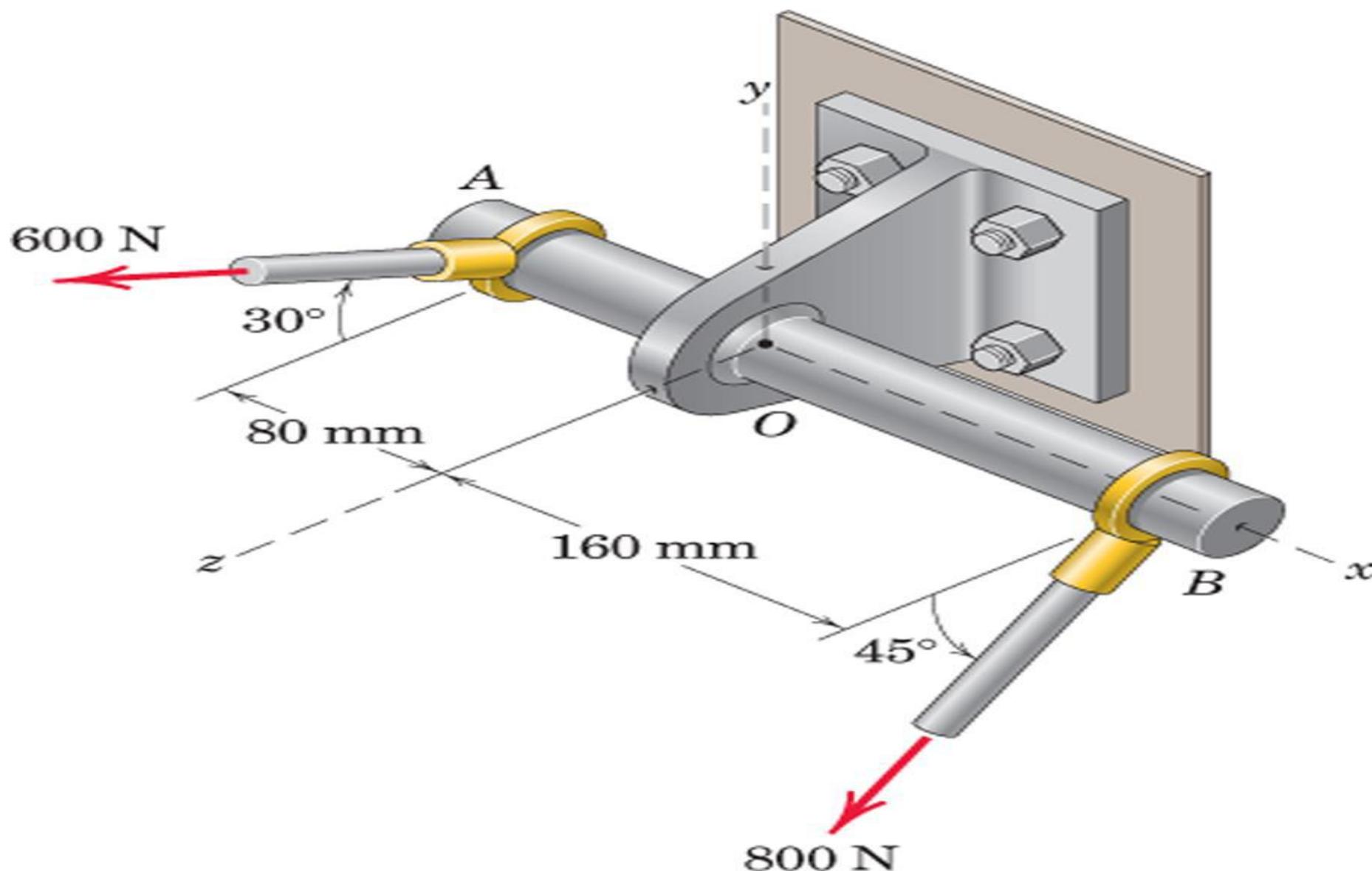
$$\mathbf{M}_{RO} = \left\{ \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 1.5 & 2 & 0 \\ -20 & -10 & 25 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 1.5 & 4 & 2 \\ -10 & 25 & 20 \end{vmatrix} \right\} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

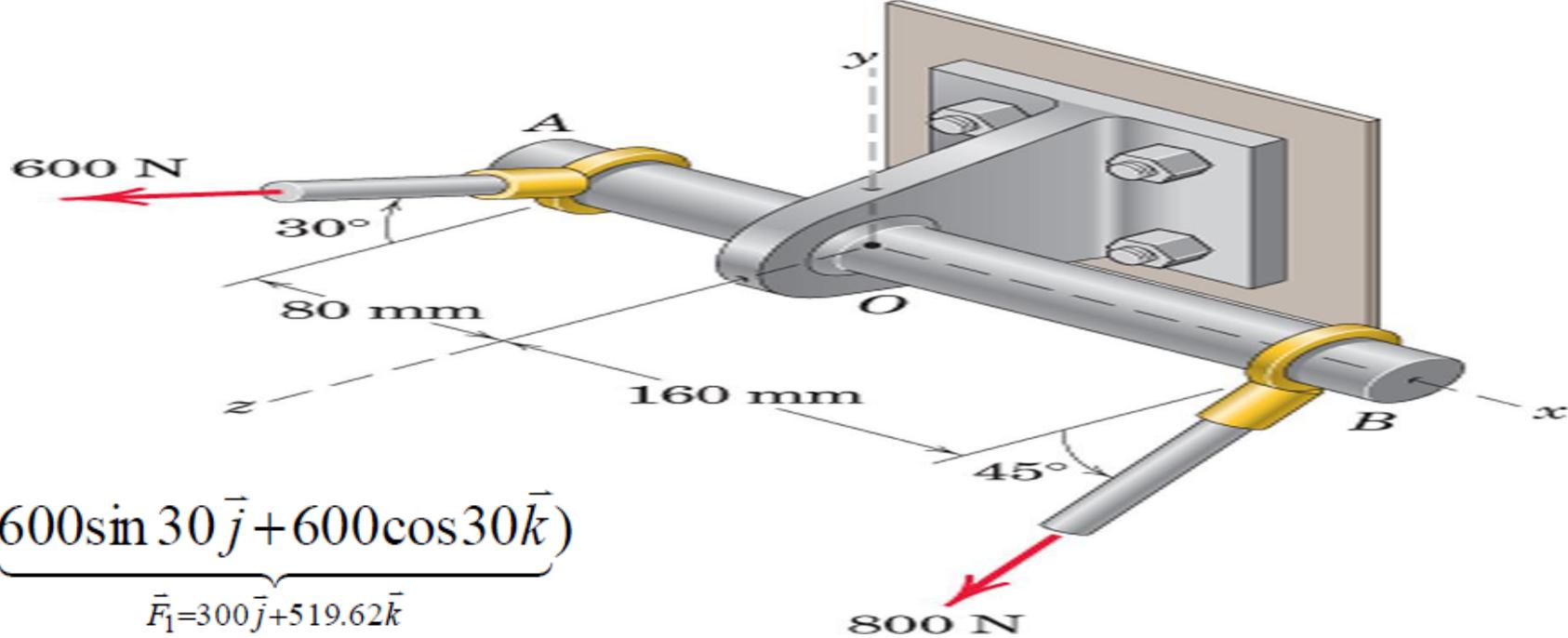
$$= \{(50 \mathbf{i} - 37.5 \mathbf{j} + 25 \mathbf{k}) + (30 \mathbf{i} - 50 \mathbf{j} + 77.5 \mathbf{k)}\} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$= \{80 \mathbf{i} - 87.5 \mathbf{j} + 102.5 \mathbf{k}\} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$



Determine the force-couple system at *O* which is equivalent to the two forces applied to the shaft *AOB*.





$$\begin{aligned}\vec{R} = & \underbrace{(600 \sin 30 \vec{j} + 600 \cos 30 \vec{k})}_{\vec{F}_1 = 300 \vec{j} + 519.62 \vec{k}} \\ & + \underbrace{(-800 \sin 45 \vec{j} + 800 \cos 45 \vec{k})}_{\vec{F}_2 = -565.69 \vec{j} + 565.69 \vec{k}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\vec{R} = -265.69 \vec{j} + 1085.31 \vec{k} (N)}}$$

$$\vec{M}_o = \vec{r}_1 \times \vec{F}_1 + \vec{r}_2 \times \vec{F}_2 = -0.08 \vec{i} \times (300 \vec{j} + 519.62 \vec{k}) + 0.16 \vec{i} \times (-565.69 \vec{j} + 565.69 \vec{k})$$

$$\vec{M}_o = -24 \vec{k} + 41.57 \vec{j} - 90.49 \vec{k} - 90.49 \vec{j}$$

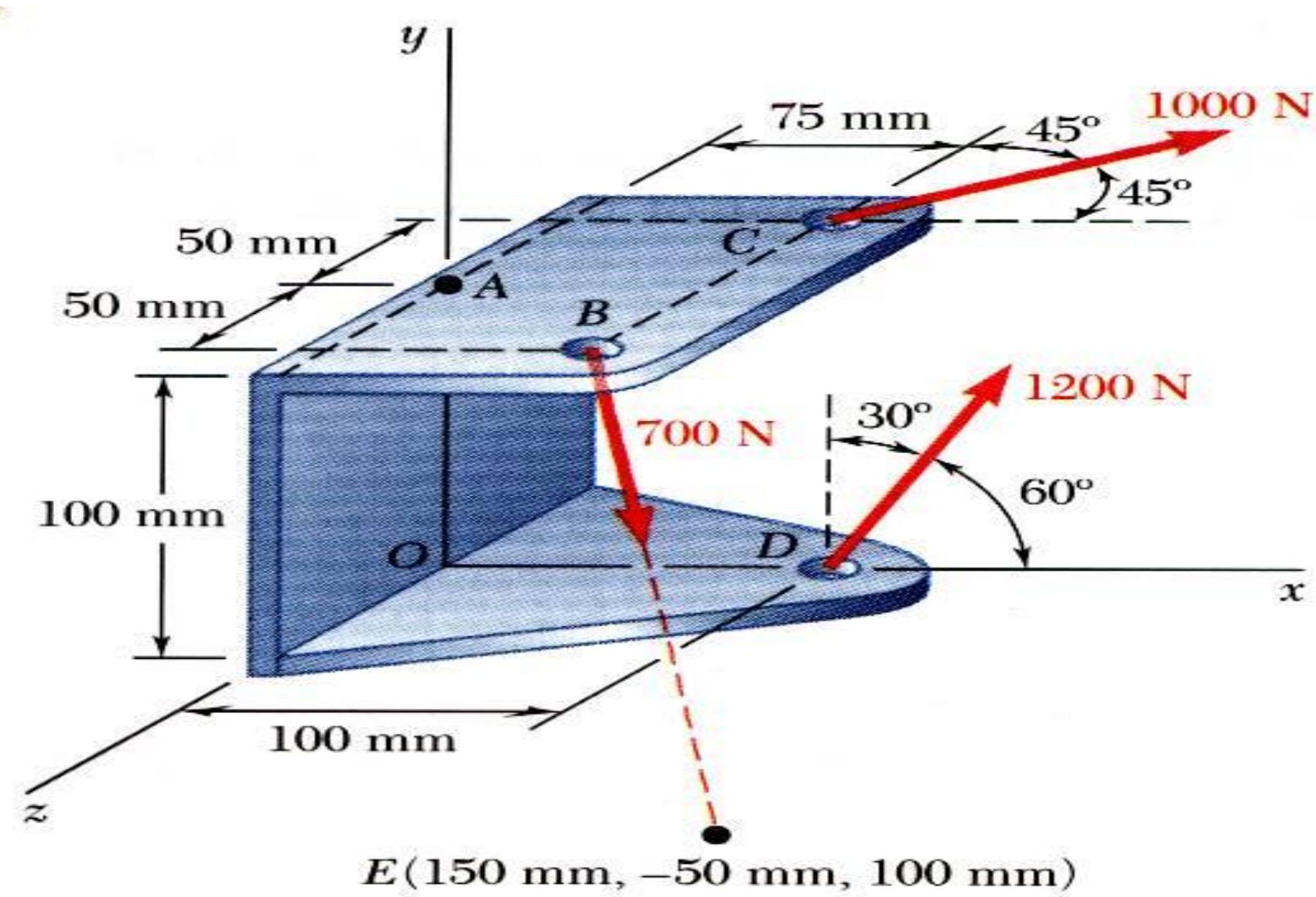
$$\underline{\underline{\vec{M}_o = -48.92 \vec{j} - 114.49 \vec{k} (N \cdot m)}}$$

if $\vec{R} \perp \vec{M}_o$, then $\vec{R} \cdot \vec{M}_o = 0$

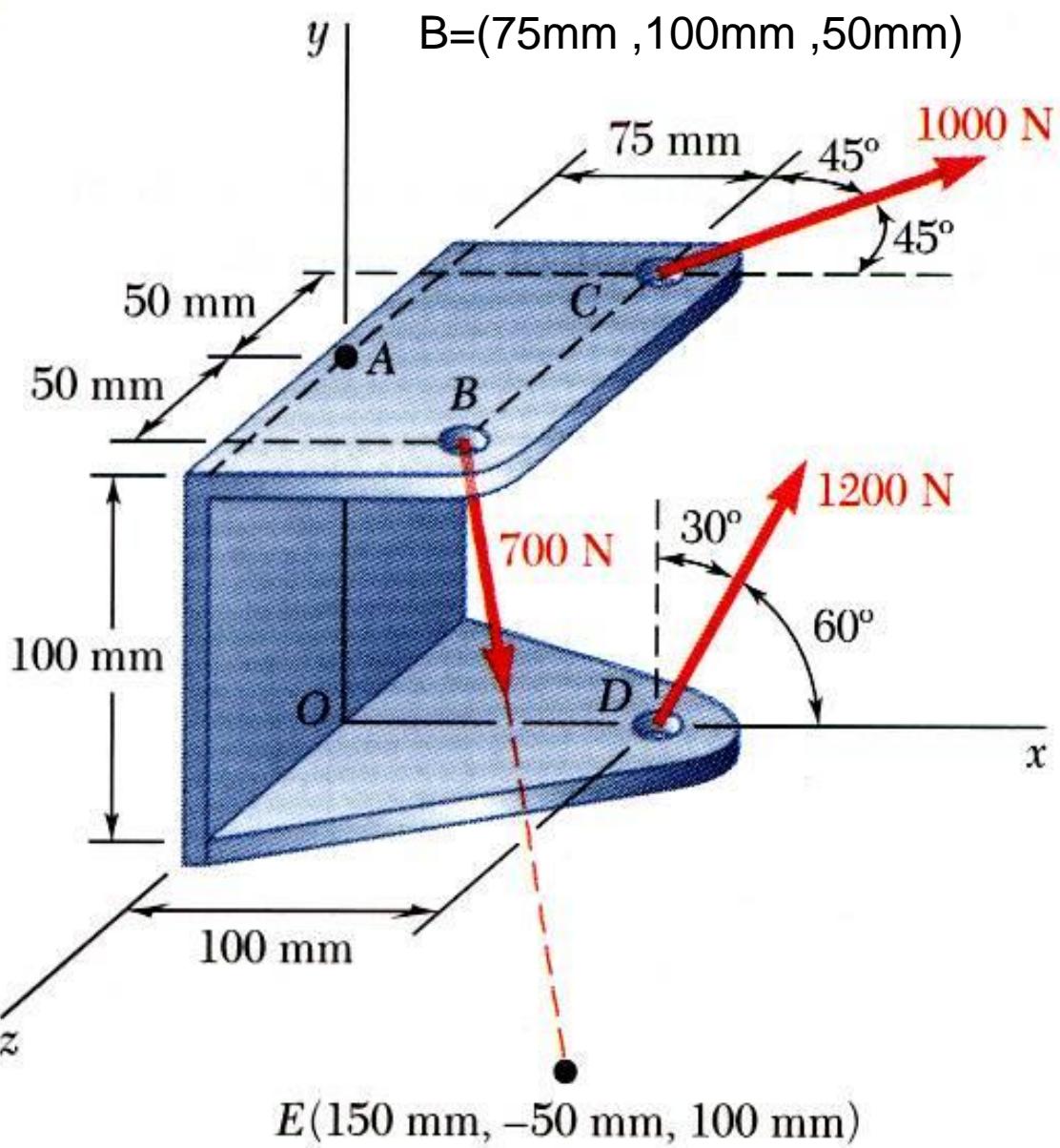
$$\begin{aligned}\vec{R} \cdot \vec{M}_o &= (-265.69)(-48.92) + (1085.31)(-114.49) \\ &= -111260 \neq 0\end{aligned}$$

they are not perpendicular to each other

- Replace The Forces With An Equivalent Force-Couple System at A



$$B=(75\text{mm}, 100\text{mm}, 50\text{mm})$$



$$\vec{F}_B = (700 \text{ N})\hat{u}$$

$$\hat{u} = \frac{\vec{r}_{BE}}{r_{BE}} = \frac{75\hat{i} - 150\hat{j} + 50\hat{k}}{175}$$

$$\vec{F}_B = 300\hat{i} - 600\hat{j} + 200\hat{k} (\text{N})$$

$$\vec{F}_C = (1000 \text{ N})(\cos 45^\circ \hat{i} - \cos 45^\circ \hat{k})$$

$$= 707\hat{i} - 707\hat{k} (\text{N})$$

$$\vec{F}_D = (1200 \text{ N})(\cos 60^\circ \hat{i} + \cos 30^\circ \hat{j})$$

$$= 600\hat{i} + 1039\hat{j} (\text{N})$$

$$\vec{r}_{AB} = 0.075\hat{i} + 0.050\hat{k} (\text{m})$$

$$\vec{r}_{AC} = 0.075\hat{i} - 0.050\hat{k} (\text{m})$$

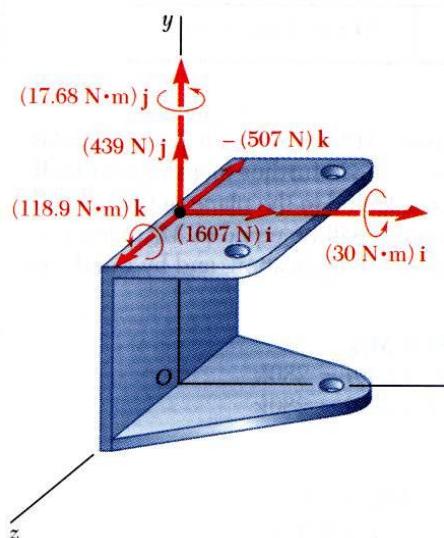
$$\vec{r}_{AD} = 0.100\hat{i} - 0.100\hat{j} (\text{m})$$



■ Compute Equivalent Force

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{R} &= \sum \vec{F} \\ &= (300 + 707 + 600)\hat{i} \\ &\quad + (-600 + 1039)\hat{j} \\ &\quad + (200 - 707)\hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{R} = 1607\hat{i} + 439\hat{j} - 507\hat{k} \text{ (N)}}$$



■ Compute Equivalent Couple

$$\vec{M}_A^R = \sum (\vec{r} \times \vec{F})$$

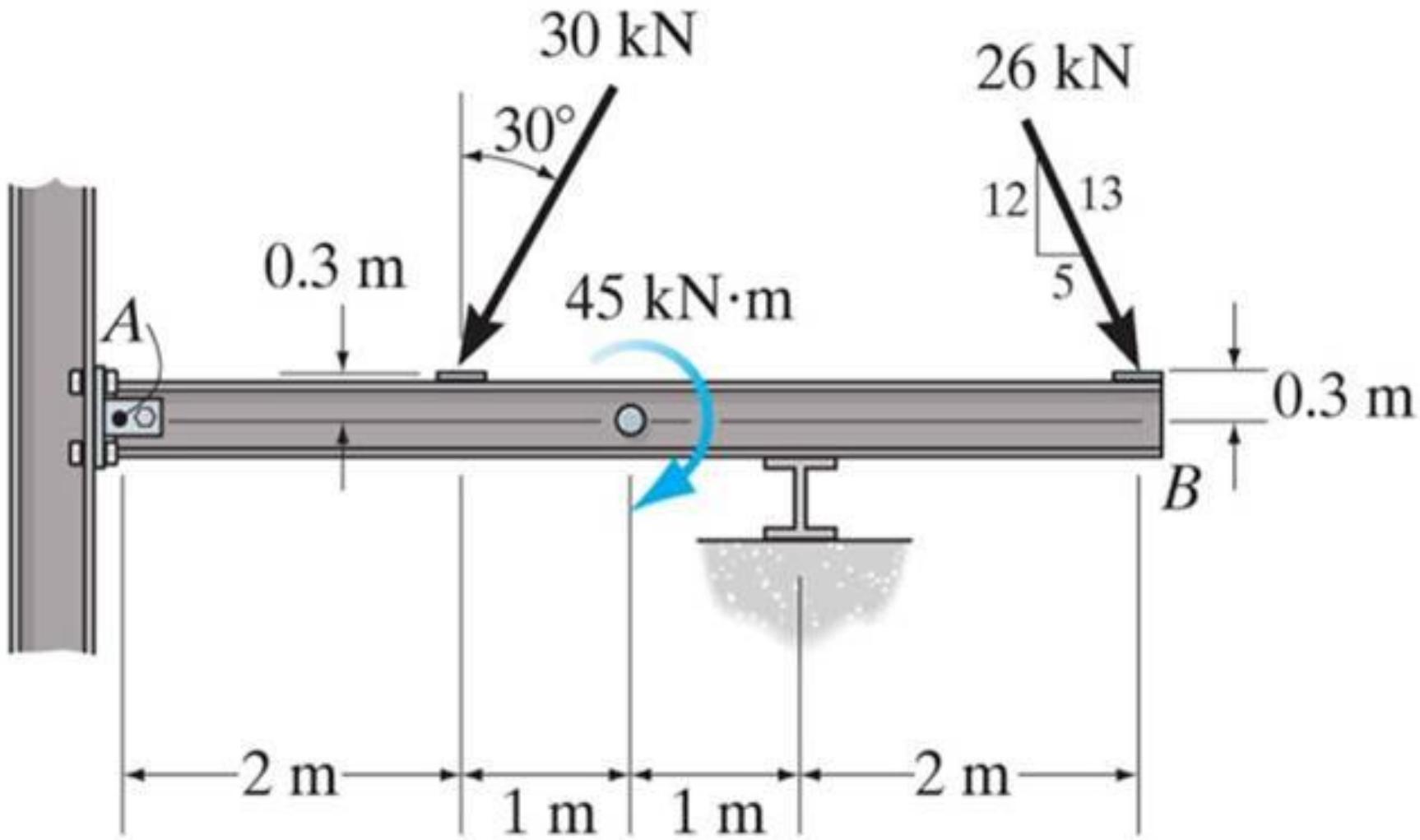
$$\vec{r}_{AB} \times \vec{F}_B = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0.075 & 0 & 0.050 \\ 300 & -600 & 200 \end{vmatrix} = 30\hat{i} - 45\hat{k}$$

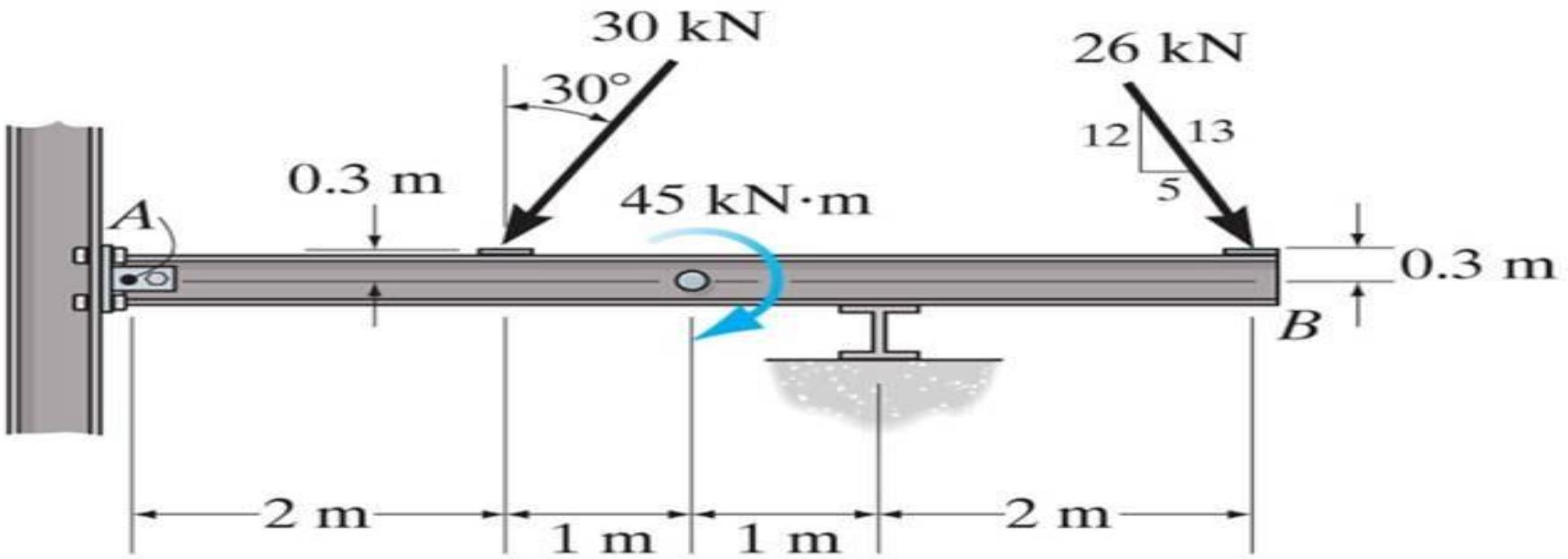
$$\vec{r}_{AC} \times \vec{F}_c = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0.075 & 0 & -0.050 \\ 707 & 0 & -707 \end{vmatrix} = 17.68\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{r}_{AD} \times \vec{F}_D = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0.100 & -0.100 & 0 \\ 600 & 1039 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 163.9\hat{k}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{M}_A^R = 30\vec{i} + 17.68\vec{j} + 118.9\vec{k}}$$

Given: A 2-D force and couple system as shown. **Find** The equivalent resultant force and couple moment acting at A.





$$+ \rightarrow \sum F_x = (5/13) 26 - 30 \sin 30^\circ = -5 \text{ kN}$$

$$+ \uparrow \sum F_y = -(12/13) 26 - 30 \cos 30^\circ = -49.98 \text{ kN}$$

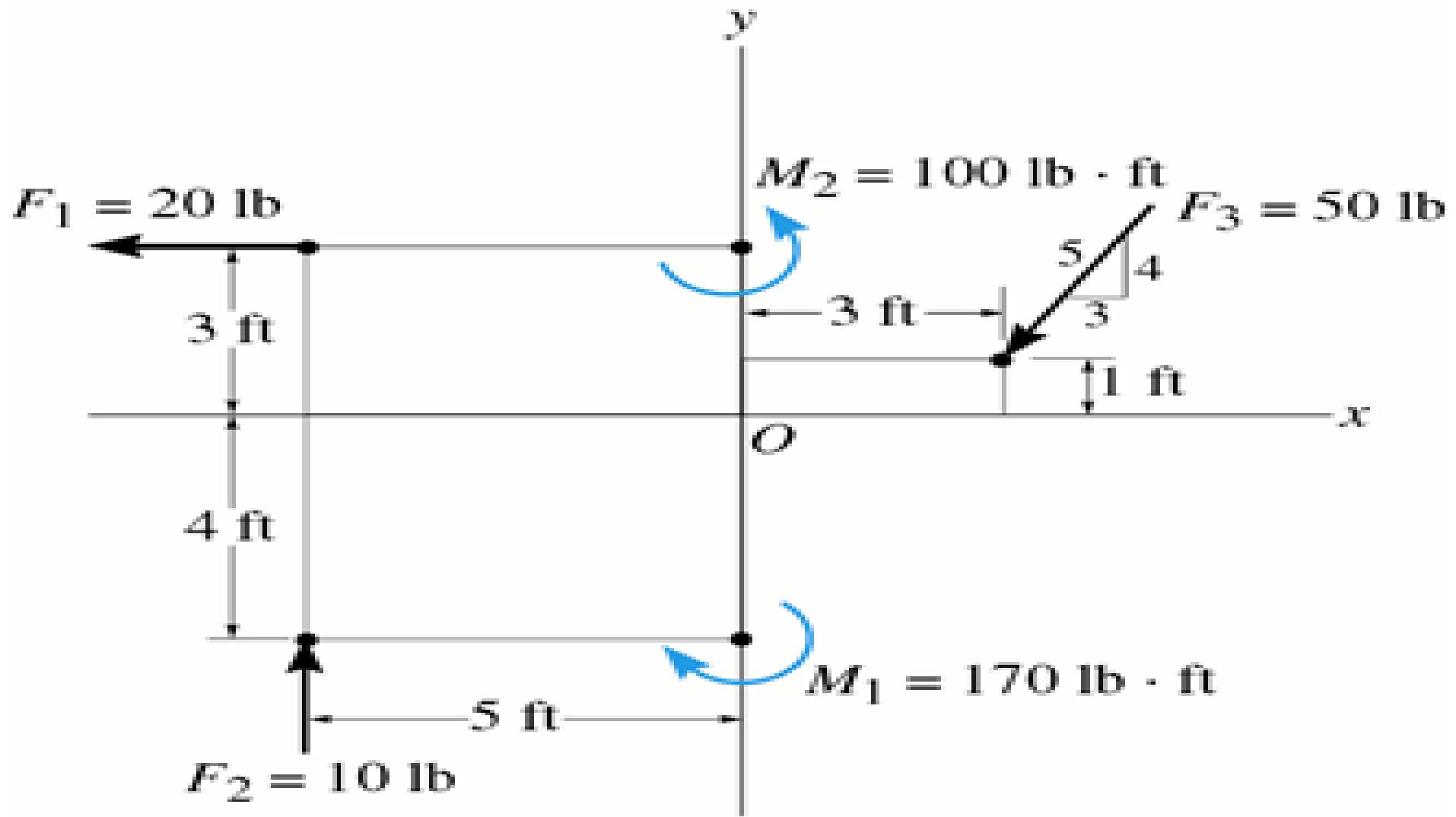
Now find the magnitude and direction of the resultant.

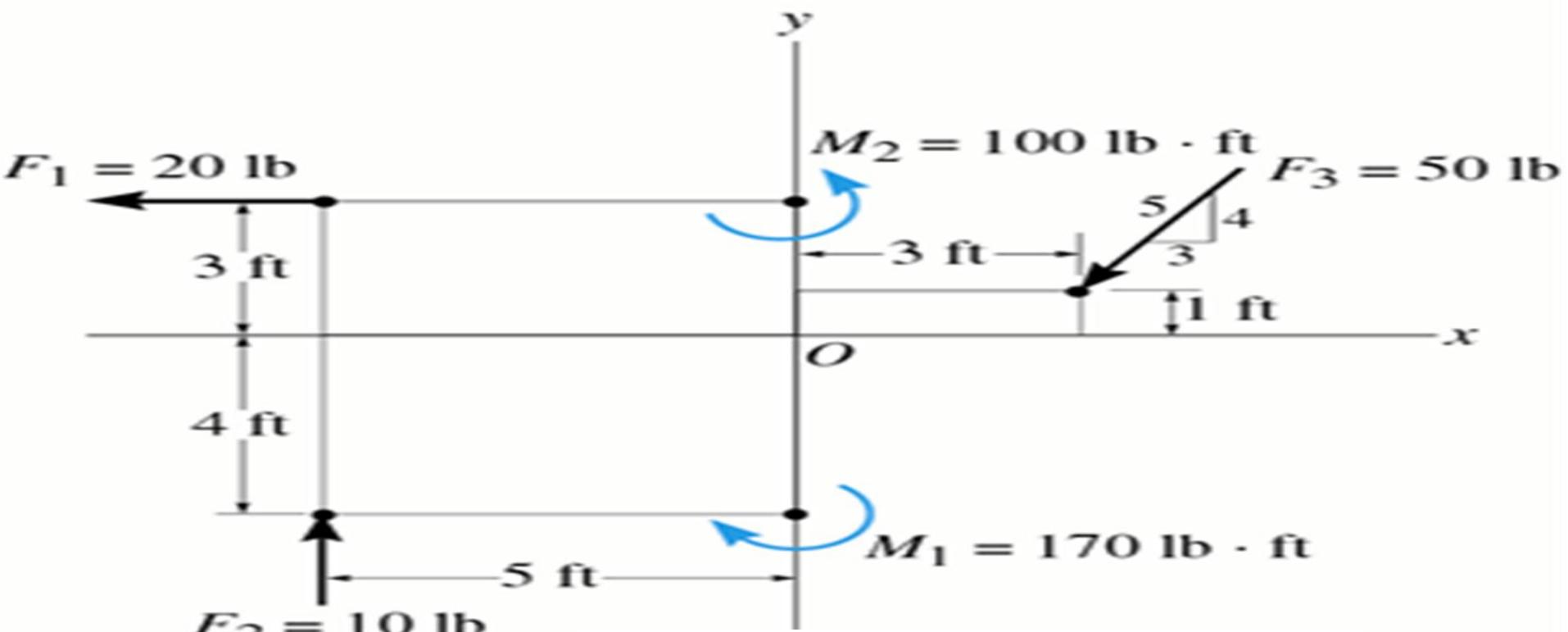
$$F_{RA} = (\sqrt{5^2 + 49.98^2})^{1/2} = 50.2 \text{ kN} \quad \text{and} \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}(49.98/5) = 84.3^\circ$$

$$+ \left(M_{RA} = \{ 30 \sin 30^\circ (0.3\text{m}) - 30 \cos 30^\circ (2\text{m}) - (5/13) 26 (0.3\text{m}) - (12/13) 26 (6\text{m}) - 45 \} = -239 \text{ kN m} \right)$$



Replace the system by a force and couple-moment at point o .





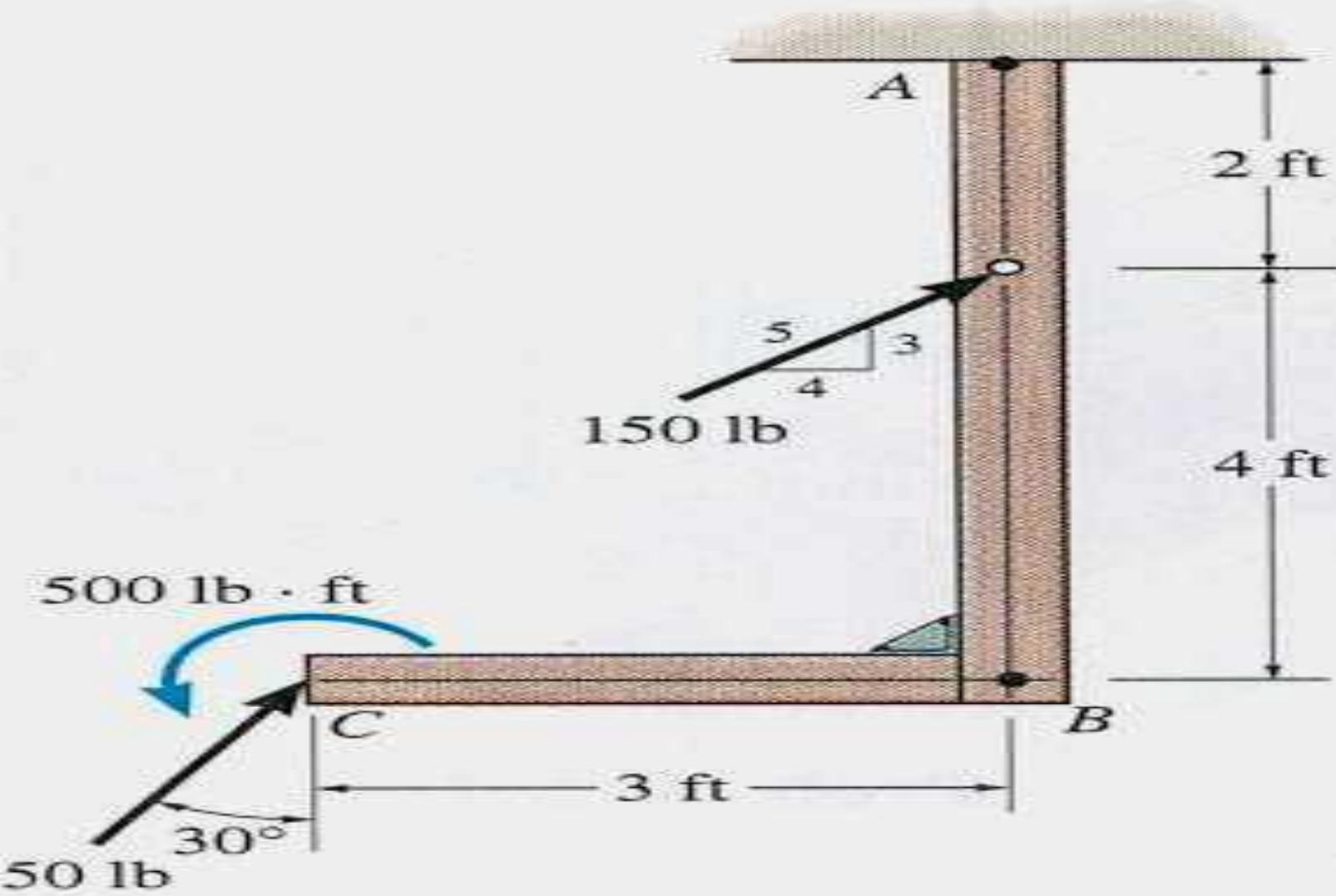
$$\xrightarrow{+} \sum F_{R_x} = \sum F_x \Rightarrow F_{R_x} = -50\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) - 20 = -50 \text{ lb}$$

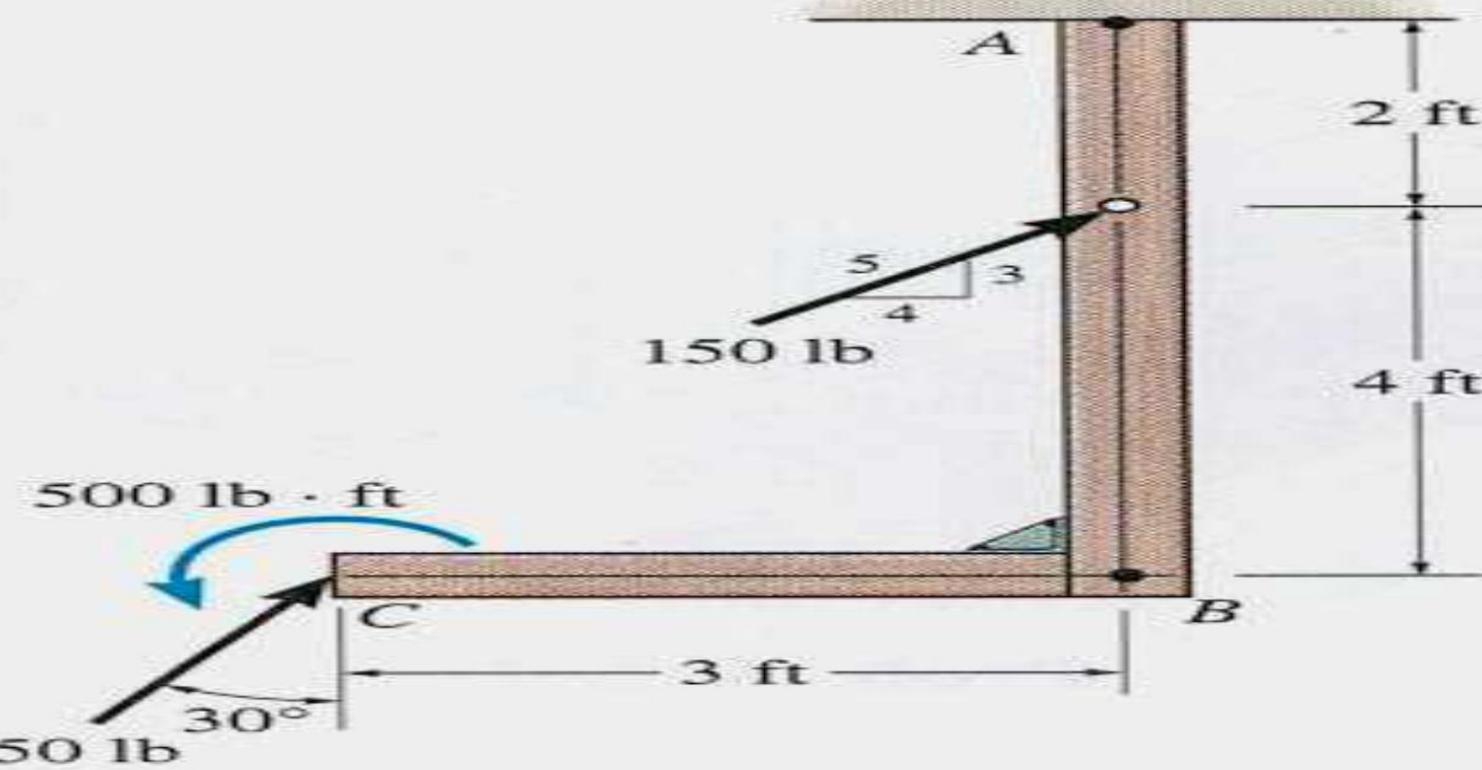
$$+\uparrow \sum F_{R_y} = \sum F_y \Rightarrow F_{R_y} = -50\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + 10 = -30 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_R = \sqrt{(-50)^2 + (-30)^2} = 58.3 \text{ lb} \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-30}{-50}\right) = 31.0^\circ$$

$$(+M_{R_o} = \sum M_o = -50\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)(3) + 50\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)(1) + (20)(3) + 100 - 170 - 10(5) = -150 \text{ lb.ft}$$

Given:A 2-D force and couple system as shown **Find:** The equivalent resultant force and couple moment acting at A





$$+\rightarrow \sum F_x = (4/5) 150 \text{ lb} + 50 \text{ lb} \sin 30^\circ = 145 \text{ lb}$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = (3/5) 150 \text{ lb} + 50 \text{ lb} \cos 30^\circ = 133 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{RA} = \sqrt{(145^2 + 133.3^2)} = 197 \text{ lb} \quad \Theta = \tan^{-1}(133.3/145) \\ = 42.6^\circ \nearrow$$

$$+\langle M_{RA} = \{ (4/5)(150)(2) - 50 \cos 30^\circ (3) + 50 \sin 30^\circ (6) + 500 \} = 760 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$